

Client

Gurugram

Name

Age

Sex

Pathkind Diagnostics Pvt. Ltd.

Referring Doctor: Self

Referred By

Plot No. 55-56, Udhyog Vihar Ph-IV, Gurugram - 122015 : Mr. CO04

: 35 Yrs

**Processed By** Pathkind Diagnostics Pvt. Ltd.

Plot No. 55-56, Udhyog Vihar Ph-IV, Gurugram - 122015

Billing Date

07/07/202312:20:37 Sample Collected on 10/07/2023 10:01:31

Sample Received on : Male

10/07/2023 11:02:13

P. ID No. : P1000100012714 Report Released on 14/07/2023 15:35:36 10002304770-01

: 10002304770 **Accession No** Barcode No.

Ref no.

Report Status - Final

Result **Test Name** Biological Ref. Interval Unit

**HAEMATOLOGY** 

# Activated Protein C Resistance (APCR)

Sample: Citrate Plasma Method: Electromechanical Clot Detection

< OR = 120 suggests Activated Protein C Resistance

Parameter	Result	Units	Bio. Ref. Range
PCAT	96.20	Sec	
PCAT-O	74.40	Sec	
Ratio	1.29		
Normalised Ratio	0.41		0.69 - > 1.56
APC Factor V deficient PCAT	98.80	Sec	
APC Factor V deficient PCAT-O	72.30	Sec	
Ratio	1.24		
Normalised Ratio	0.56		0.86 - 1.10

## **Activated Protein C Resistance (APCR)**

Test done on Fully Automated Coagulometer (Clotting)

**Clinical Significance:** 









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- 1. Activated protein C resistance is a hemostatic disorder characterized by a poor anticogulant response to activated protein C (APC). It is the inability of protein C to cleave Factor Va and/or Factor VIIIa, which allows for longer duration of thrombin generation and may lead to a hypercoagulable state. This may be hereditary or acquired.
- 2. The ratio of the clot time in the presence of activated protein C (aPC) to the clot time in the absence of aPC is used to determine aPC resistance.
- 3. Certain interference factors may cause ration values which cannot clearly be attributed to a particular genotype, or may lead to clotting times that exceed the maximum admitted detection time of the instrument. In these cases, further investigation by PCR and the determination of individual factors are recommended.

False Negative:

- 1. Low levels of Factor V (<50%)
- 2. Thrombin inhibitors (hirudin,argatroban).

False Positive :

- 1. Aprotinin.
- 2. Protamine.

Note:

All borderline results should be confirmed by Factor V Leiden mutant detection test by PCR.

\*\* End of Report\*\*

Dr. Aarti Khanna Nagpal

DNB (Pathology) Senior Consultant





